

<b>allegation</b> A claim, not sup	oported by proof, that someone has done something wrong or illegal.
	re in which something such as a law, agreement or marriage is nced as no longer legally binding.
<b>arrest</b> To seize someo might have com	ne and take them into custody, to ask them about a crime that they nmitted.
<b>banquet</b> A formal feast h	neld for many people with extravagant food and entertainment.
<b>beheading</b> The act of chop	ping off someone's head as a form of execution.
	nd beliefs of the Roman Catholic Church, a branch of Christianity Pope. This was England's official religion before Henry VIII created ngland.
<b>Christianity</b> A religion based of Jesus Christ.	d on the Bible, and in the belief in God and the person and teachings
	Christianity created by Henry VIII where he was the head of the ependent from the Pope. Today, this is the official church in England is its head.
<b>conspiracy</b> A secret plan by	a group of people to do something harmful or illegal.
	l of crowning a king or queen. Coronations in England take place at obey in London.

	e monarch was officially living as well as the people who egularly visited the monarch, who were often referred to as
<b>divorce</b> A legal or official pro	ocess to end a marriage.
	country from the same family. The Tudor dynasty consisted of I, Henry VIII, Edward VI, Mary I and Elizabeth I.
<b>embroidery</b> The art or pastime o	of stitching patterns or pictures onto cloth.
	<b>nation</b> of the Church of England from the authority of the Pope and the urch during the 16th century.
believing that some	ns, taken from the available body of information or facts, for thing is or isn't true. Evidence is presented at a court of law to y to decide upon a sentence for a crime.
<b>execution</b> The killing of a perso	on as a legal penalty for a crime.
<b>exile</b> The state of being se	ent or kept away from one's own country or home.
<b>heir</b> A person legally enti their death.	itled to the money, property or title of another person upon
Henry's 'Great	<b>Matter'</b> Ised to refer to Henry VIII's desperation to have a son, who

The pr	ement ocess of forming a decision or opinion about something or someone after thought and consideration.
	ature small and detailed painting, usually of a person.
<b>mon</b> The ru	arch ler of a state or empire, particularly a king, queen or emperor.
<b>moti</b> A reas	<b>VE</b> on for carrying out an action or series of actions.
<b>offer</b> An ille	i <b>ce</b> gal act.
A set o	nances of Eltham  If rules, drawn up by Cardinal Wolsey, to manage the activity of King Henry rivy chamber. Wolsey worded these rules so he could gain more power.
The su	<b>Dnage</b> pport, encouragement, or financial aid given to an organisation by someone y or influential.
	swer that is given in court by a person, stating innocence or guilt, when they een accused of carrying out a crime.
<b>plot</b> A secr	et plan made by a group to do something that is harmful, illegal, or wrong.
The propersor chamb	chamber ivate area of an English royal residence that contained the monarch's hal rooms. During Henry VIII's reign, the gentlemen who attended his privy her were the servants to the crown who he favoured best — often key figures ortance in government.

from the Roma	activities of the Christian Church that, in the 16th century, separated n Catholic Church. Henry VIII's break away from the Roman Catholic that Protestant ideas began to leak into England.
	e or resistance that are organised by a group of people who disagree try's government.
<b>reign</b> The period that	a monarch rules. Henry VIII's reign lasted for 38 years (1509–1547).
<b>riddle</b> A statement or	question that requires cleverness or creativity to solve it.
sentence A punishment of guilty of wrongo	decided and announced in court for a person who has been found doing.
<b>succession</b> A process wher someone else.	eby someone automatically inherits a position, title or property from
<b>treason</b> The crime of be	traying your country and going against the ruler or government.
	ring and judgement of evidence, in a court of law, to decide if a ent or guilty of a crime.
<b>trinket</b> A small, inexpe	nsive ornament or piece of jewellery.
<b>Tudor</b> Relating to the	Tudor line of rulers who held the throne from 1485 until 1603.